

Induced maps and geodesic curves of Riemannian spaces of the second approximation

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For two Riemannian spaces $V_n(x, g)$ and $\bar{V}_n(x, \bar{g})$, where \bar{V}_n admits a nontrivial geodesic mapping onto V_n ([1]) invariantly connected with them spaces of the second order $\tilde{\bar{V}}_n^2(y, \tilde{\bar{g}})$ and $\tilde{V}_n^2(y, \tilde{g})$ are constructed ([2]):

$$\tilde{g}_{ij}(y) = g_{ij} + \frac{1}{3} R_{i\alpha\beta j} y^\alpha y^\beta, \quad (1)$$

$$\tilde{\bar{g}}_{ij}(y) = \bar{g}_{ij} + \frac{1}{3} \bar{R}_{i\alpha\beta j} y^\alpha y^\beta, \quad (2)$$

where $g_{ij} = g_{ij}(M_0)$, $R_{i\alpha\beta j} = R_{i\alpha\beta j}(M_0)$.

We investigate the specificity of the map $\tilde{\gamma}$ of the space $\tilde{\bar{V}}_n^2$ onto the space \tilde{V}_n^2 , induced by a geodesic mapping γ of the initial spaces. We will find the deformation tensor of the mapping $\tilde{\gamma}$ in the explicit form

$$\tilde{P}_{ij}^h = \tilde{\bar{\Gamma}}_{ij}^h - \tilde{\Gamma}_{ij}^h. \quad (3)$$

We prove the absolute and uniform convergence of the obtained series.

By requiring that the map $\tilde{\gamma}$ has been geodesic, we see that $\tilde{\gamma}$ is affine. The following theorem is valid.

Theorem. *A nontrivial geodesic mapping γ of a Riemannian space of nonzero constant curvature \bar{V}_n onto a space V_n induces an almost geodesic mappings of the third type Π_3 of a space of the second order $\tilde{\bar{V}}_n^2$ onto a space \tilde{V}_n^2 .*

A system of ordinary differential equations

$$\frac{d^2 y^h}{ds^2} + \tilde{\Gamma}_{\alpha\beta}^h \frac{dy^\alpha}{ds} \frac{dy^\beta}{ds} = 0, \quad (4)$$

determining the geodesic curves in \tilde{V}_n^2 is investigated.

1. N. S. Sinyukov. *Geodesic mappings of Riemannian spaces*. M.: Nauka, (1979), 225p. (in Russian)
2. S. M. Pokas'. *Lie groups of motions in a Riemannian space of the second approximation*, Proc. Penza State Pedagogical University named after V.G. Belinsky, Ser. phys. and math. sciences, no. 26, (2011), P. 173–183. (in Russian)